IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK BRIEANT

MONROE MOTOR CARS, LLC, a New York Limited Liability Company,

07 CV 11469 CIVIL ACTION NO.

Plaintiff,

- against-

GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION

Defendant.

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S.D. OF N.Y.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

Defendant, General Motors Corporation ("General Motors") hereby removes this case from the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Orange to the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332, 1441 and 1446. In support of this Notice of Removal, General Motors states as follows:

I. INTRODUCTION AND FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 1. Plaintiff, Monroe Motor Cars, LLC (Monroe") commenced this civil action against General Motors by filing a Summons and Complaint on or about October 30, 2007 in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Crange, Index No. 2007-010552. The Summons and Complaint were served on General Motors on December 3, 2007. Copies of the Summons and Complaint are collectively attached as Exhibit A.
- 2. This action is removable to this Court under 28 U.S.C. §1441 because this Court has original diversity jurisdiction over Monroe's claims under 28 U.S.C. §1332. There is complete diversity among the parties and the amount in controversy, as set forth by the averments in the Complaint, exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

- 3. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. §1441(a) because this Court is the district and division embracing the place where the removed action is pending.
- 4. This Notice of Removal is timely filed since the action was removed within 30 days after service on General Motors. See 28 U.S.C. §1446(b); Murphy Brothers, Inc. v. Michetti Pipe Stringing, Inc., 526 U.S. 344 (1999).

II. THIS CASE IS REMOVABLE ON THE BASIS OF DIVERSITY JURISDICTION.

- A. There is Complete Diversity Between the Parties.
- 5. Defendant General Motors was, at the time Monroe instituted this action, and is, at the time of removal, incorporated in the State of Delaware. General Motors' principal place of business was, at the time Monroe instituted this action, and is, at the time of removal, located in the State of Michigan.
- 6. Monroe was, at the time this action was instituted, and is, at the time of removal, a New York limited liability company whose members are Mark Brodsky, a citizen of the State of Maryland and William A. Refakis, a citizen of the State of New York. For diversity purposes, a limited liability company has the citizenship of its membership. See *Handelsman v. Bedford Village Associates*, 213 F.3d 48, 51 (2d Cir. 2000); *Mackason v. Diamond Financial, LLC*, 347 F.Supp. 2d 53, 55 (S.D. N.Y. 2004).
- 7. Complete diversity exists between the parties since the members of Monroe were at the time they instituted this action and are citizens of the States of Maryland and New York and General Motors, was and is a citizen of the States of Delaware and Michigan. *See* 28 U.S.C. §1332(a) and (c)(1).

B. The Amount in Controversy Exceeds \$75,000 Exclusive of Interest and Costs.

- 8. Plaintiff's Complaint alleges that General Motors breached a Termination Agreement that required General Motors to pay Monroe the sum of \$250,000 (Complaint ¶4). It alleges that General Motors inordinately delayed in effecting the repurchase of its vehicles causing Monroe to continue to pay on its floor plan loan for these vehicles and refused to reimburse Monroe (Complaint ¶8). It alleges that General Motors refused to effectuate the return of Monroe's inventory of parts, accessories and special tools (Complaint ¶9). It seeks damages for packaging and transportation costs relating to the return of the parts, accessories and special tools (Complaint, Count I, *Ad Damnum* Clause). It seeks punitive damages (Complaint, Count II, *Ad Damnum* Clause).
- 9. Monroe's Complaint therefore alleges an amount in controversy that exceeds \$75,000. At a minimum, the Complaint illustrates that there is a "reasonable probability" that the jurisdictional amount exists. *See Corwin Jeep Sales & Serv., Inc. v. American Motors Sales Corp.*, 670 F. Supp. 591, 595 (M.D. Pa. 1986) (recognizing that where a sum in controversy is ambiguous, the jurisdictional amount may be met if "there is a probability that the value of the matter in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional amount").

III. NOTICE HAS BEEN GIVEN AND STATE COURT PAPERS ARE ATTACHED.

- 10. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. §1446(a), copies of all process, pleadings and papers served on General Motors in the state court litigation are attached as Exhibit A.
- 11. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1446(a) and (b), General Motors is serving this Notice of Removal on Monroe and is filing a copy of the this Notice with the Clerk of Court for the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Orange.

WHEREFORE, Defendant, General Motors Corporation hereby removes this case from the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Orange to this federal district court. This Court has original jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action under 28 U.S.C. §1332(a)(1) because this action arises between citizens of different states and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

LAVIN, O'NEIL, RICCI, CEDRONE, & DISIPIO

BY:

Timothy J McHagh (339)

420 Lexington Avenue

Graybar Building

Suite 2900

New York, NY 10170

Tel No.:

(212) 319-6898

Fax No.:

(212) 319-6932

E-mail:

tmchugh@lavin-law.com

Of Counsel:

Joseph E. O'Neil

John J. O'Donnell

190 North Independence Mall West

6th & Race Streets, Suite 500

Philadelphia, PA 19106

Tel Nos.:

(215) 351-7901

(215) 351-7936

Fax Nos.:

(215) 251-3086

(215) 351-3085

E-mail:

joneil@lavin-law.com

jodonnell@lavin-law.com

Attorneys for Defendant, General Motors Corporation

SUPPRIME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF DRANGE

MONROE MOTOR CARS, IJ.C, a New York Limited tilebilly Company,

Index No.

2007-010552

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GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION,

Defendant,

Plaintiff,

SUMMONS

GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION C/o CT Composition 111 Eighth Avenue New York, New York 10011

To the allows trained Defendant:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer, or, if the complaint is not served with this summons, to serve a notice of appearance, on the plaintiffs attorneys within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service (or within thirty (30) days after the service is complete if this summons is not personally delivered to you within the fitter of New York); and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint

THE MARGOLIS LAW FIRM LLC Attorneys for Plaintiff 67 Wall Street 22rd Floor, #8004 New York, New York 1000/5 (212) 859-5001

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By: JEDS. FREEMAN

PLEASE REPLY TO:

THE MARGOLIS LAW FIRM LLC 5 Becker Farm Road P.O. Box 420 Roseland, New Jersey 07058 (973) 239-3000

Date: October 29, 2007

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF DRANGE

MONROE MOTOR CARS, LLC, a New York Limited Liability Company,

Index No. 2007-010552

Plaintiff,

- ageinst •

GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION,

Defendant

COMPLAINT

lithe deferitions.

Plaintiff Monroe Motor Cars LLC, states by way of Complaint against the defermant General Motors Corporation, as follows:

Plaintiff is a Limited Liability Company of the State of New York, and praviously conducted its business at 330 Stage Road, Monroe, New York.

- Plaintiff operated a Pontiac Buick GMC motor vehicle dealership as franchises of General Motors Corporation (harein "GM") at said address. Plaintiff acquired its business from Saber Pontiac Buick GMC, then a franchised Pontiac Buick GMC dealer, and considered to be the "outgoing dealer".
- The franchises in effect between Plaintiff and GM mandefed that Plaintiff maintain an inventory of repair parts and accessories, and special tools to effect repairs to its vehicles. Plaintiff did, in fact, maintain such inventory of repair parts and accessories, and special tools (for repair purposes), consistent with its obligation to do so.

FIRST COUNT

In or about February 2007, Plaintiff commenced negotiations with GM to effect a termination of its franchise for a valuable consideration. Components of the termination required GM to pay Plaintiff the sum of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand (\$250,000.00) Dollars, to repurchase its GM vehicles, and to repurchase its inventory of repair parts and accessuries and its special tools.

- in connection with said negotiations, and prior to the execution of the formal Termination Agreement, Plaintiff provided GM counsel and GM with an extensive computerized schedule of its repair parts and accessories inventories and its special tools.
- On or about April 27, 2007, a Termination Agreement was executed between Plaintiff and GM, a true copy of which is attached hereto and made a part hereof as Exhibit "A",
- Thorsefler, Plaintiff made due and proper demand upon GM for 7. payment of the Two Hundred Fifty Thousand (\$250,000.00) Dollar consideration and, ultimately, months later, received the same, as the aggregato of a series of smaller increments.
- On and after April 27, 2007, Plaintiff made due and proper demand for 8. GM to effectuate the return of its GM new car inventory, and to pay Plaintiff's floor plan lender (HSBC Bank) its obligations in connection therewith. GM Inordinately delayed in effecting its repulichase of said vehicles, during which time Plaintiff was required to continue to pay its floor plan lender interest while the vehicles remained at Plaintiffs premises. GM failed, neglected and refused to reimburse Plaintiff for said Interest.
 - Although often requested by Flaintiff, directly and through its coursel, 9.

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GM failed, neglected and refused to effectuate the return to it of Plaintiff's inventories of repair parts, accessories and special tools and, consequently, the same remain at Plaintiff's premises for safekeeping.

tio. GM is required to repurchase said repair parts and accessories and special tools, consistent with the provisions of the Dealer Sales and Service Agreements (franchise agreements) previously in effect between Plaintiff and GM and, particularly, the provisions thereof dealing with Plaintiff's termination rights, the General Business Law of the State of New York and the Franchise Motor Vehicle Dealer Act of the State of New York, and to effect payment to Plaintiff therefor, together with an allowance for packing costs and reimbursement for transportation charges to the destination specified by GM.

water Plaintiff a inventory of repair parts, accessories and special tools, together with interest thereon damages for GM's delay in effectuating said return and payment to plaintiff therefor and (b) Interest for the period of delay GM occasioned in effecting payment to Plaintiff for the Termination Agreement consideration; and (b) GM's delay in payment of Plaintiff's floor plan tender for its vehicle repurchases

SECOND COUNT

- Plaintiff repeats the allegations of Peragraphs 1-10 of the Complaint, and incorporates the same herein as if set forth at length.
- 12. GM's actions were deliberately in defiance of the Termination Agreement and the applicable provisions of New York State Law, and in breach of the implied covenants of good faith and fair dealing.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands punitive damages of defendant, and such other and further relief as this Court deems appropriate in the circumstances.

THIRD COUNT

- 13. Plaintiff repeats the allegations of Paragraphs 1-12 of the Complaint, and incorporates the same horsin as if set forth at length.
- 1d. By reason of the foregoing, plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorneys fees and scets in accordance with the Franchise Motor Vehicle Dealer Act of the State of New York.

VALEREFORE, plaintiff demands attorneys fees and costs associated with the causes of action contained herein.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff requests trial by jury on all Counts of the Complaint.

THE MARGOLIS LAW FIRM LLC Attorneys for Plaintiff 57 Well Street 22nd Floor, #5001 New York, New York 10005 (212) 359-5001

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PLEASE REPLY TO:

THE MARGOLIS LAW FIRM LLC 5 Becker Faim Road P.O. Box 420 Rossiand, New Jersey 07068 (973) 239-3000

Date: October 29, 2007

TOTAL P.08